# **GJS-H002**

# **Installation Manual**

This Installation Manual is suit for the Fiber Optic Splice Closure (Hereafter abbreviated as FOSC), as the guidance of proper installation.

The scope of application is: aerial, underground, pipeline, handhole. The ambient temperature ranges from -40 to  $65\,^{\circ}$ C.

# 2. Basic structure and configuration

## 2.1 Dimension and capacity

Outside dimension (LxWxH)	320×210×85 (mm)
Weight (excluding outside box)	2650g – 2800g
Number of inlet/outlet ports	3 (pieces) on each side
Diameter of fiber cable	Φ8—Φ20 (mm)
Capacity of FOSC	Bunchy: 12—120 (Cores)

### 2.2 Main components

No.	Name of	Quantity	Usage	Remarks
	components			
1	Housing	1 set	Protecting fiber cable splices in	Internal diameter:
			whole	240x148x76(mm)
2	Fiber optic	Max 8 pieces	Fixing heat shrinkable protective	Suitable for:
	splice tray (FOST)	(bunchy)	sleeve and holding fibers	Bunchy: 12,24, (cores)
3	Seal fitting	1 set	Sealing between FOSC cover and	
			FOSC bottom	
4	Port plug	6 pieces	Sealing empty ports	
6	Pressure	1 set	After injecting air, it is used for	Configuration as per
			pressure testing and sealing	requirement
	testing valve		testing	
7	Earthing	1 set	Deriving metallic components of	Configuration as per
			fiber cable in FOSC for earthing	requirement
	deriving device		connection	

## 2.3 Main accessories and special tools

No.	Name of accessories	Quantity	Usage	Remarks
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1	Heat shrinkable protective sleeve		Protecting fiber splices	Configuration as per capacity
2	Nylon tie		Fixing fiber with protective coat	Configuration as per capacity
3	Insulation tape	1 roll	Enlarging diameter of fiber cable for easy fixing	
4	Desiccant	1 bag	Put into FOSC before sealing for desiccating air.	
5	Seal tape	1 roll	Enlarging diameter of fiber cable which fits in with seal fitting	Configuration as per specification
6	Hanging hook	1 set	For aerial use	
7	Earthing wire	1 piece	Putting through between earthing devices	
8	Abrasive cloth	1 piece	Scratching fiber cable	
9	Labeling paper	1 piece	Labeling fiber	
10	Special wrench	2 pieces	Fixing bolts, tightening nut of reinforced core	
11	Measuring paper	1 piece	To measure circle, of which its diameter is enlarged with seal tape	
12	Buffer tube	To be decided by customers	Hitched to fibers and fixed with FOST, managing buffer	Configuration as per requirement

# 3. Necessary tools for installation

# 3.1 Supplementary materials (to be provided by operator)

Name of materials	Usage
Scotch tape	Labeling, temporarily fixing
Ethyl alcohol	Cleaning
Gauze	Cleaning

## 3.2 Special tools (to be provided by operator)

Name of tools	Usage
Fiber cutter	Cutting off fibers
Fiber stripper	Strip off protective coat of fiber cable
Combo tools	Assembling FOSC

# 3.3 Universal tools (to be provided by operator)

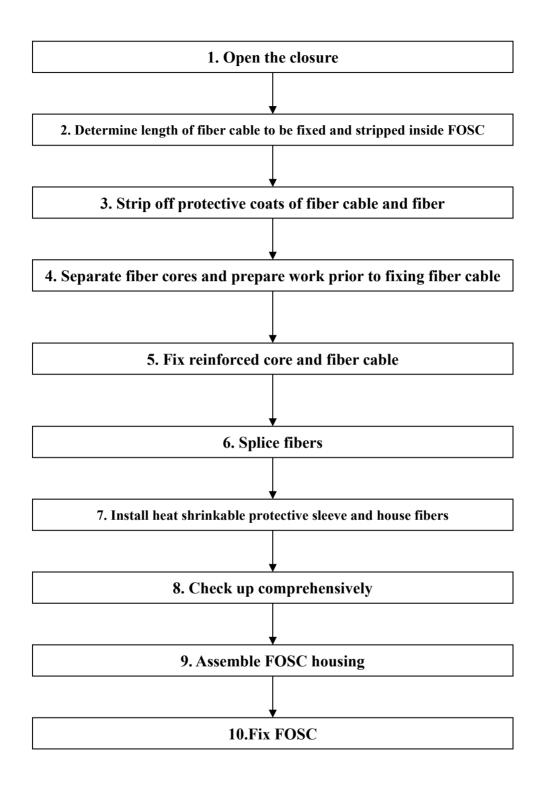
Name of tools	Usage and specification	
Band tape	Measuring fiber cable	
Pipe cutter	Cutting fiber cable	
Electrical cutter	Take off protective coat of fiber cable	
Combination pliers	Cutting off reinforced core	
Screwdriver	Crossing/Paralleling screwdriver	
Scissor		
Waterproof cover	Waterproof, dustproof	
Metal wrench	Tightening nut of reinforced core	

3.4 Splicing and testing instruments (to be provided by operator)

Name of instruments	Usage and specification
Fusion Splicing Machine	Fiber splicing
OT DR	Splicing testing
Provisional splicing tools	Provisional testing

Notice: The above-mentioned tools and testing instruments should be provided by the operators themselves.

# 4. Installation flow chart



# 5. The process of installing FOSC

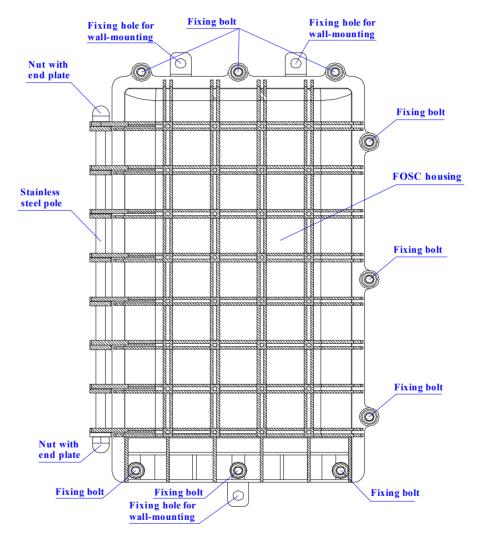
## 5.1 Step One - Open the closure

- 5.1.1 Cleaning the locale and determine where to install the FOSC and then place fiber cables required.
- 5.1.2 Check whether the main components and accessories have been well prepared inside the package.
- 5.1.3 Open the closure

Unscrew fixing bolts and open the closure by lifting the unscrewed bolts with no need completely unbolting to avoid loosing.

#### 5.1.4 See Drawing 1

**Important issues:** If the weather condition is not good enough, then a tent must be pitched for waterproof and dustproof.



**Drawing 1** 

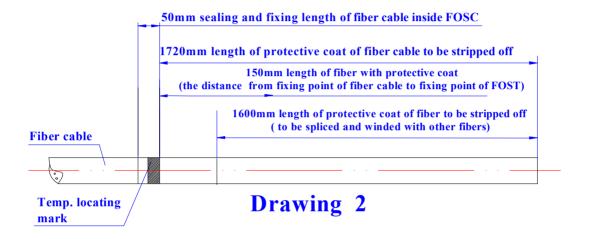
#### 5.2 Step Two -Determine length of fiber cable to be fixed and stripped inside FOSC

- 5.2.1 ①. Fiber cable in 45mm length: the distance from seal fitting to fiber cable pressboard
  - ②. Fiber cable in 1750mm length: it is used to be winded and spliced after stripping.

- ③. Fiber with protective coat in 150mm length: the distance from the fixing point of fiber cable to the fixing point of FOST (fiber optic splice tray).
- ④. Fiber in 1600mm length: after stripping off the protective coat, it is to be winded inside the FOST after splicing with other fibers
- 5.2.2 See Drawing 2

#### **Important issues:**

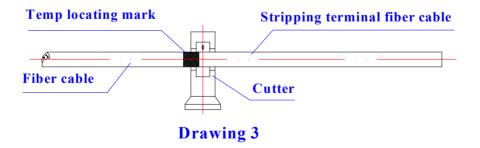
- 1. Reserve enough length of fiber cable to be spliced.
- 2. Stripping length also could be decided by customer according to installation requirement.



#### 5.3 Step Three – Strip off fiber protective coat of fiber cable and fiber

- 5.3.1 Strip off protective coat of fiber cable from the temp. locating mark with the cutter and the stripper, please refer to Drawing 2 for stripping length. Stripping length also could be decided according to installation requirement
- 5.3.2 See Drawing 3.

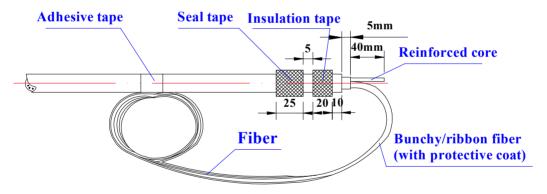
**Important issues**: If it is difficult to pull all the protective coat of fiber cable at one time, strip it off section by section to avoid fiber breakage.



#### 5.4 Step Four – Separate fiber cores and prepare work prior to fixing fiber.

5.4.1 Wind 2 layers of insulation tape on protective coat of fiber core. Meanwhile, get rid of the stuffing to separate fiber core and clean them. Form a ring with the diameter

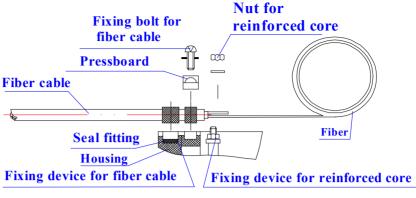
- of 100mm or so and fix it on the fiber temporarily by adhesive tape.
- 5.4.2 This FOSC is provided with six inlet/outlet ports. Number of fiber cables is determined by the customers according to their actual requirements and the corresponding number of port plugs should be taken out. The max number of fiber cables to be installed is six.
- 5.4.3 This FOSC is suitable for the following diameters of fiber cables respectively:
  - Port A: suitable for fiber cable with max. external diameter φ20mm
  - Port B: suitable for fiber cable with max. external diameter \$\ph\$16mm
  - Port C: suitable for fiber cable with max. external diameter φ13mm
- 5.4.4 The corresponding inlet/outlet ports are to be selected according to fiber cables actually installed. When the diameter of fiber cable is smaller than that of the inlet/outlet port, then the sealing tape should be used to enlarge the external diameter of fiber cable, of which the perimeter could be measured by measuring paper marked by Hole A, Hole B, Hole C, coming as accessories.
- 5.4.5 Reserve reinforced core in 40mm length and cut off the unnecessary ones.
- 5.4.6 See Drawing 4
- **Important Issues**: 1. Before the seal tape is used for enlarging the fiber cable diameter, it shouldbe scratched and to be cleaned with abrasive cloth and ethyl alcohol.
  - 2. Cut off reinforced core with a special cutting plier.



# **Drawing 4**

#### 5.5 Step Five - Fix reinforced core and fiber cable

- 5.5.1 Upon finishing the above steps, then demount port plugs, pressboard and fixing nut of reinforced core.
- 5.5.2 Tighten fiber cable pressboard. If the diameter of fiber cable is not big enough, then enlarge it with insulation tape.
- 5.5.3 Tighten nut of reinforced core with the special wrench (plastic) and then retighten it with the metal wrench.(the metal wrench should be provided by operator).
- 5.5.4 See Drawing 5



**Drawing 5** 

#### 5.6 Step Six - Splice fibers

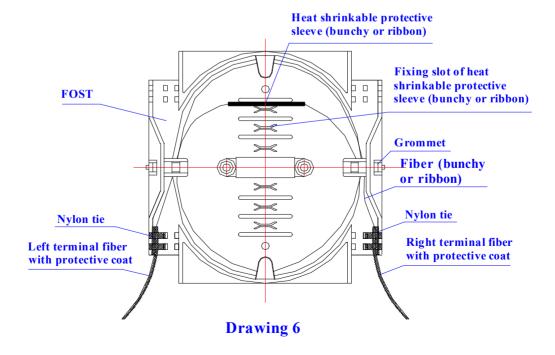
5.6.1 Follow user manual of fusion splicing machine to splice fiber cores.

Important issue: pay attention to the twist and bend of fiber.

#### 5.7 Step Seven -Install heat shrinkable protective sleeve and house fibers

- 5.7.1 When having completed splicing the fibers, the first fiber ring should be housed on the farthest side of FOST, the remaining fiber should be winded, forming a ring with diameter not less than 80mm. then put it into FOST (Fiber Optic Splice Tray) together with heat shrinkable sleeve for splice protection.
  ( Firstly fix heat shrinkable protective sleeve into the slot, then enlarge the diameter of
  - (Firstly fix heat shrinkable protective sleeve into the slot, then enlarge the diameter of fiber ring properly.)
- 5.7.2 see Drawing 6

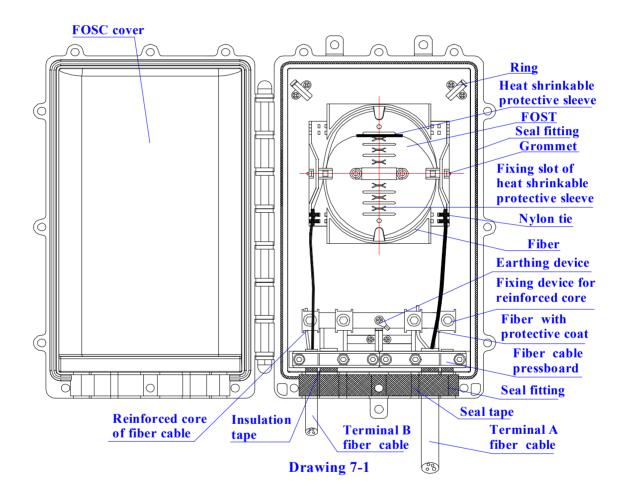
**Important issue**: pay attention to the twist and bend of fiber.



#### 5.8 Step Eight - Check up comprehensively

To ensure the technical requirements, the following instructions must be followed:

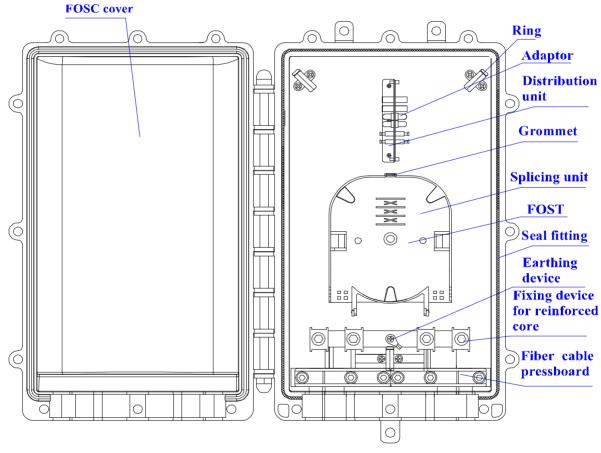
- 5.8.1 The fibers in the FOST are spliced and installed orderly. The curved diameter of fiber meets with the technical requirements.
- 5.8.2 The internal tighteners are tightened.
- 5.8.3 The inlet/outlet ports without fiber cables must be blocked up with the port plugs.
- 5.8.4 Control the amount of seal tape within a proper range.
- 5.8.5 Seal fitting is installed neatly and smoothly.
- 5.8.6 Seal the cover of seal fitting
- 5.8.7 See Drawing 7-1



#### 5.9 Characteristics

- 5.9.1 The closure is used for splicing part of main fiber cable with branching fiber cable, and meanwhile splicing its rest part with pigtail or drop cable, connecting optical exchange equipment via patchcord. Therefore it saves costs by eliminating splicing unit, distribution unit, distribution box and all the work between fiber optic splice closure and distribution box.
- 5.9.2 It is easy and fast to increase FOST. The SLIDE-IN-LOCK design of FOST with the

- opening angle 900 makes expansion and maintenance convenient.
- 5.9.3 The distribution unit can have FC, SC, ST, LC adapter front panel to meet with customers various needs. The installation is very easy.
- 5.9.4 Inovative design, easy installation. Based on the advanced formula, the plastic part is made of injection-molded, high-strength engineering plastic PC. It ensures long-term reliability and usage under ambient temperature -40°C-+65°C.
- 5.9.5 The elastic intergrated seal fitting, our patented product, can be reused for many times, it ensures good-resealing performance
- 5.9.6 Multi-functional fiber optic splice closure can be used for wall-mounting and pole-mounting application. It saves the cost for FTTH application and improve quality of telecommunication.
- 5.9.7 See Drawing 7-2



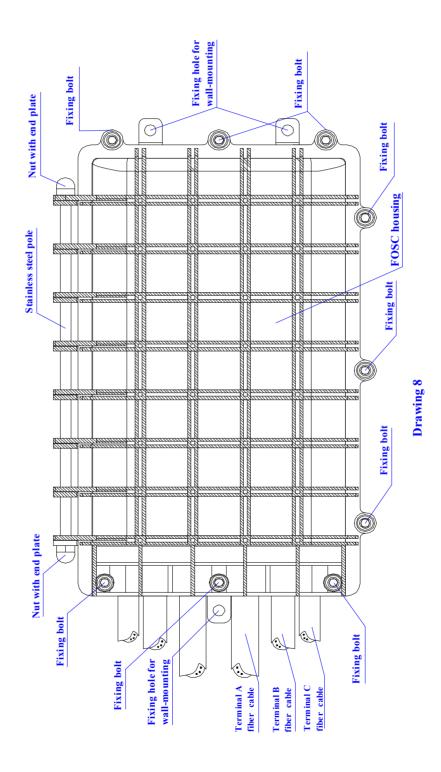
**Drawing** 7-2

#### 6.10 Step Ten – Assemble FOSC housing

- 6.10.1 Put the FOSC cover properly.
- 6.10.2 Insert locating bolt of FOSC and tighten it with the special wrench.

- 6.10.3 If the FOSC is for aerial application or wall-mounting application, then put the hanging hook on one side of the closure and then tighten fixing bolts on both sides.
- 6.10.4 Tight fixing bolt once more properly
- 6.10.5 See drawing 8

**Important issues**: cleaning the housing and pay attention to the above sequence.



# 6. Fiber Optic Splice Closures (FOSC) inspecting and testing items

			Inspecting type	
Inspecting item	Technical Requirements	Routine test (Before leaving factory)	Type test	
Package	Each small package contains one fiber optic splice closure, together with its accessories, tools, installation manual and packing list.			
Appearance	Intact in shape, no burrs, bubbles, chaps, pores, warps, impurities and other defects, all background colors should be even and continual.	full		
Sign	There is a clear sign on the housing, such as name and model of the product, etc.			
Fiber storage device	The fibers reserved are to be winded in fiber optic splice tray (FOST), the length of fibers housed in FOST is >1.6m, the curved radius is >30mm. During the installation and maintenance, there should be no attenuation on fibers.			
Electrical jointing device	Inside FOSC: metallic components of fiber cables has the functions of electrical putting through, earthing connection and disconnecting. It is possible to install earthing deriving device outside the housing		At least 3 sets	
Sealing performance	After sealing according to the stipulated operation procedures, the injected air pressure is 100KPa ± 5Kpa, when immersed in clean water of normal temperature for 15 minutes, there should be no air bubbles, then observed for 24 hours, there should be no change of air pressure.	At least 3 sets sampled each	sampled each time	
Re-sealing performance	After reopening and resealing according to the stipulated operation procedures, the injected air pressure is 100KPa $\pm$ 5Kpa, when immersed in clean water of normal temperature for 15 minutes, there should be no air bubbles, then observed for 24 hours, there should be no change of air pressure.	time		
Pull	Bearing pull is $\geq 800$ N at axle orientation, there should be no breakage on the housing.			
Punching	Bearing pressure of 2000N/10cm for 1 minutes, there should be no breakage on the housing			
Impact	Bearing impact energy of 16N • m, 3 times of impacts there should be not breakage on the housing			

Bending	The spot between the FOSC and seal fitting can bear bending tension of 150N at bending angle of $\pm 45^{\circ}$ for 10 circles, there should be no breakage on the housing		
Torsion	Bearing torsion 50N•m, 10 circle at torsion angle±90 <sup>0</sup> , There should be no breakage on the housing.		
Temperature circle	Injected air pressure of $60\text{KPa} \pm 5$ KPa, the temperature circle ranging from $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +65^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 10 times of the circular tests (one circular consists of high temperature for 2 hours + indoor temperature for 2 hours + low temperature for 2 hours + indoor temperature for 2 hours ) when the pressure declines, the amplitude is $\leq 5\text{Kpa}$ , immerse the swatch in clean water of normal temperature for 15 minutes, there should be no air bubbles.	At least 3 sets sampled each time	At least 3 sets sampled
Voltage resistance strength	After sealing the FOSC according to the stipulated operation procedures, immerse it in clean water of normal temperature in 1.5m depth for 24 hours, there should be no breakdown or arc over between the metallic components of the FOSC, between metallic components and the ground at DC 15KV for 1 minutes.	time	each time
Isolating resistance	After sealing the FOSC according to stipulated operation procedure, immerse it in clean water in 1.5m depth for 24h, the isolating resistance between the metallic components of the FOSC, between the metallic components and the ground should be $\geq 2 \times 10^4 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ .		